

Evaluating the Effectiveness and Robustness of Visual Similarity-based Phishing Detection Models

Fujiao Ji*, Kiho Lee*, Hyungjoon Koo‡, Wenhao You†, Euijin Choo†, Hyounghick Kim‡, Doowon Kim*

University of Tennessee, Knoxville*

University of Alberta†

Sungkyunkwan University‡

What Are the Phishing Attacks?

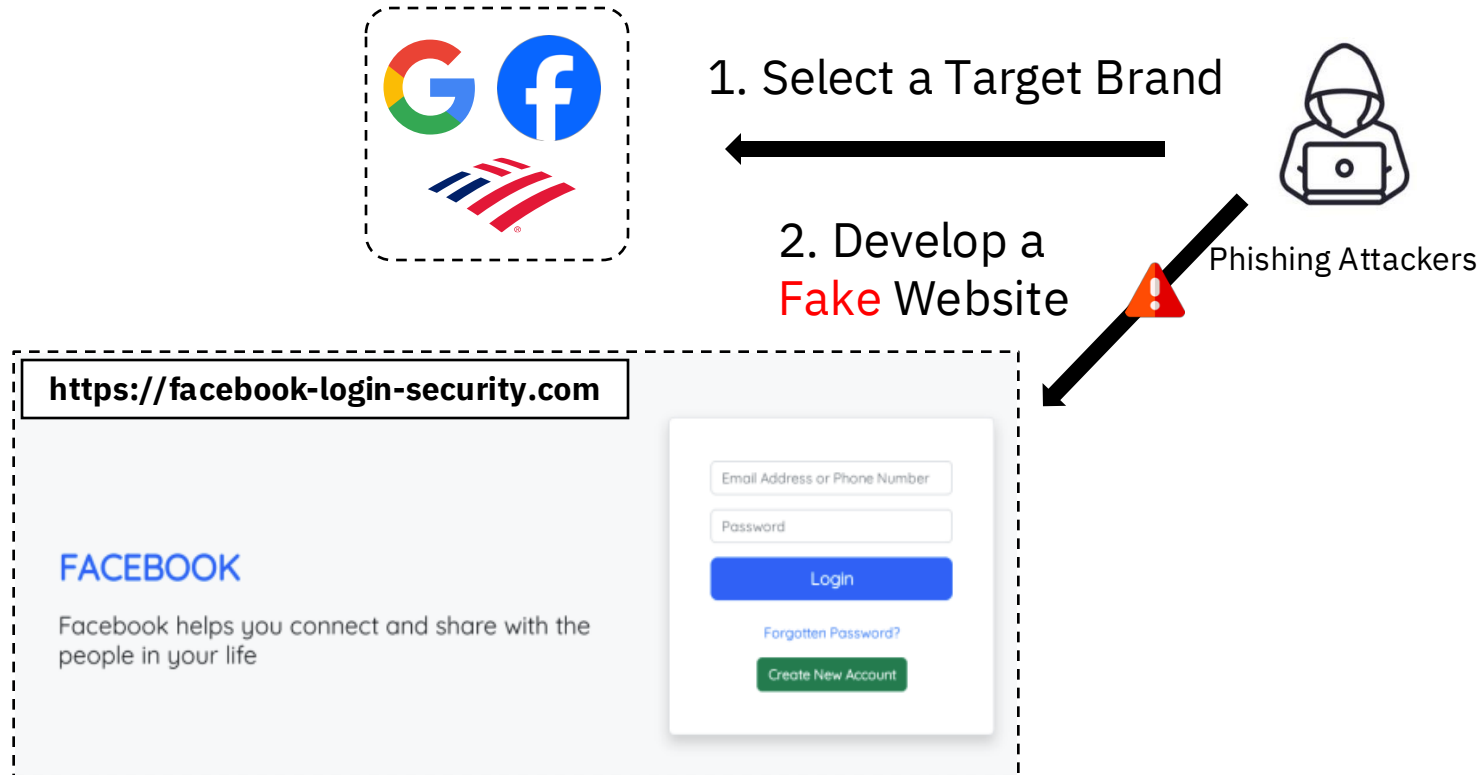


1. Select a Target Brand



Phishing Attackers

What Are the Phishing Attacks?



What Are the Phishing Attacks?

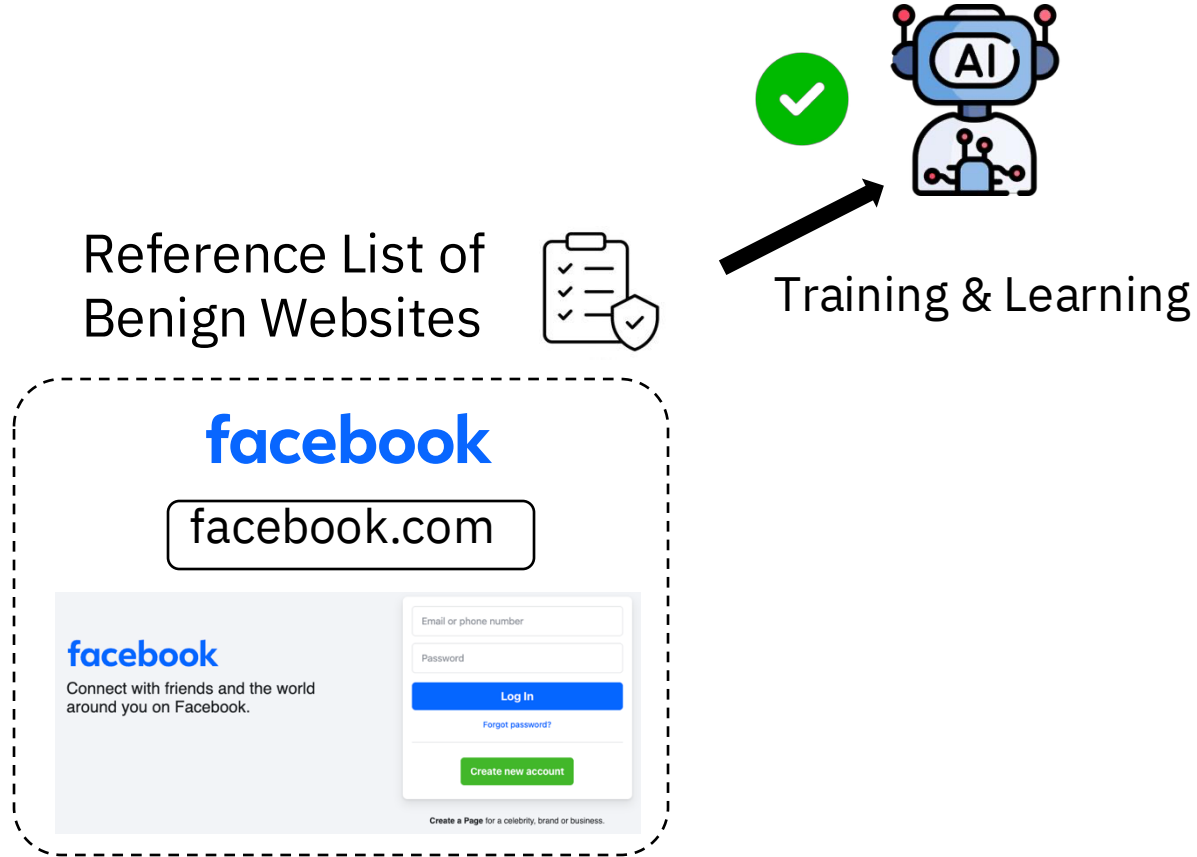


What Are the Phishing Attacks?



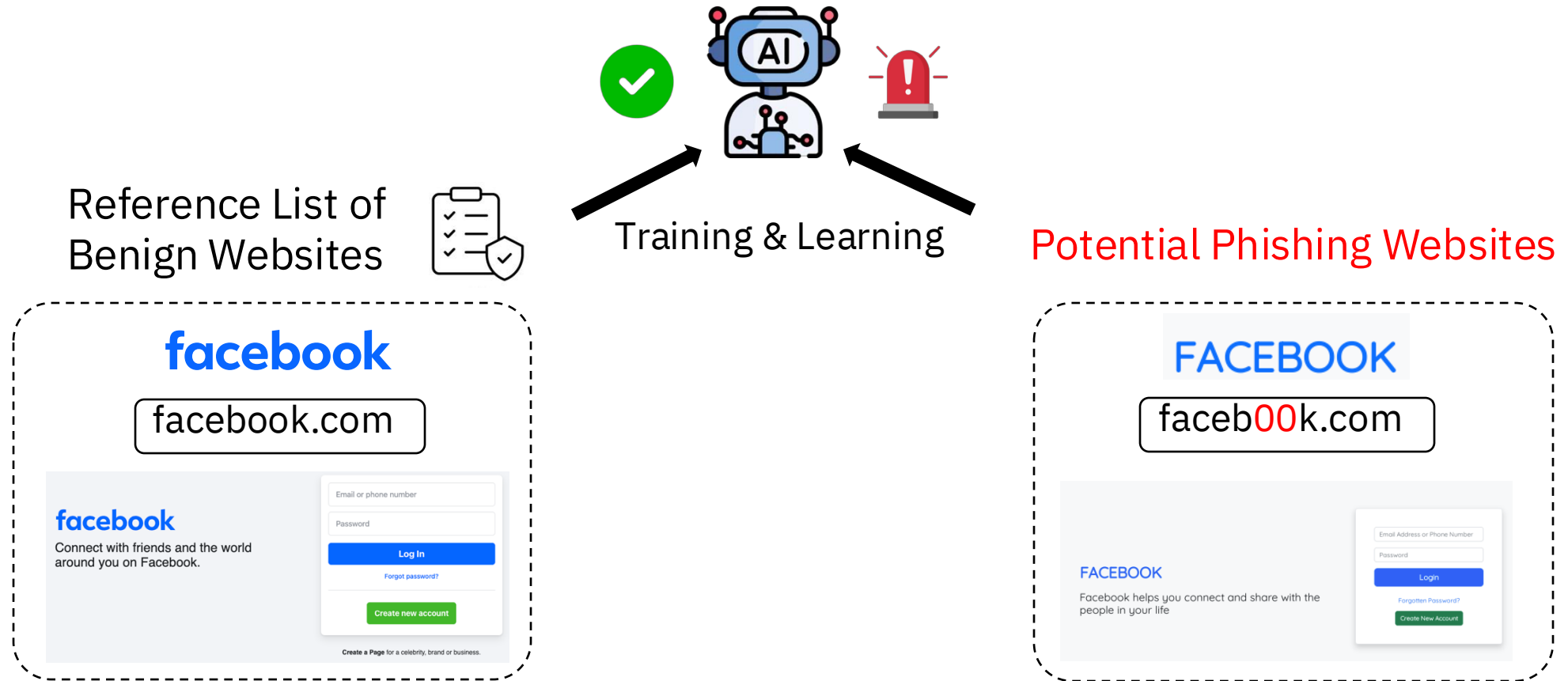
Current Anti-phishing Systems:

Visual Similarity-based Phishing Defense Models



Current Anti-phishing Systems:

Visual Similarity-based Phishing Defense Models

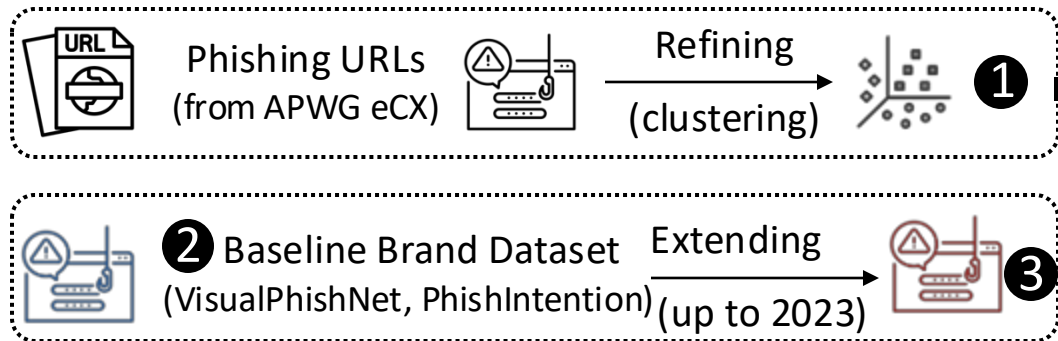


Main Research Question

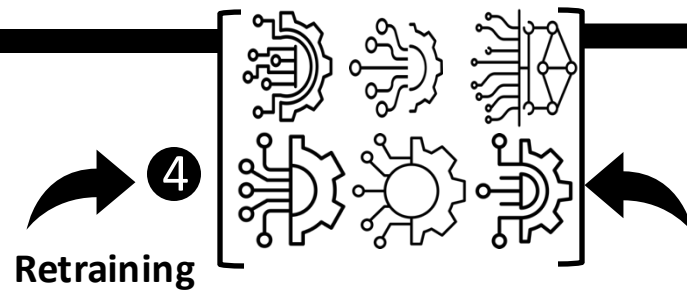
Are these current phishing detection models (visual similarity-based) **effective** against real-world phishing websites and **robust** to adversarial strategies?

Our Evaluation Pipeline

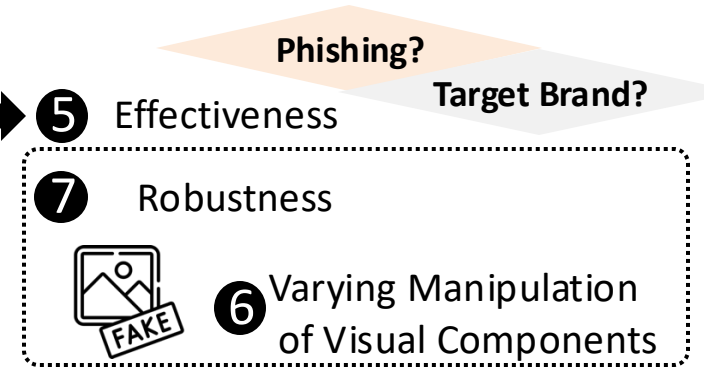
Data Collection of Real-world Phishing Websites



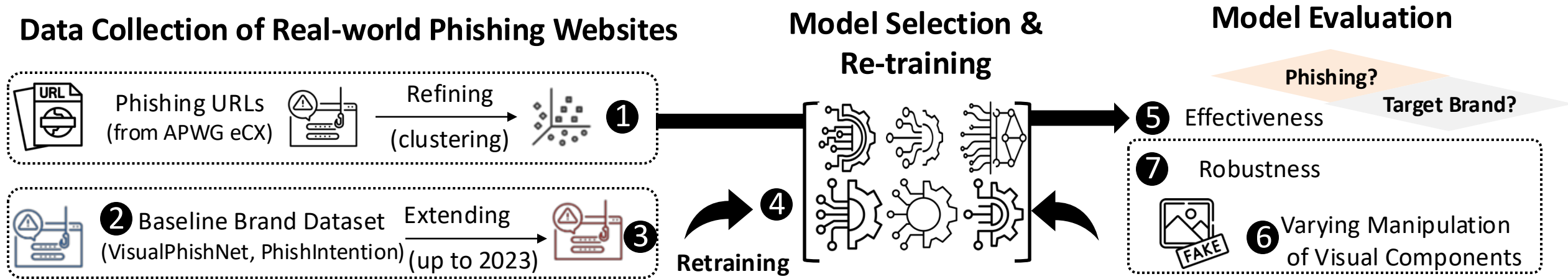
Model Selection & Re-training



Model Evaluation



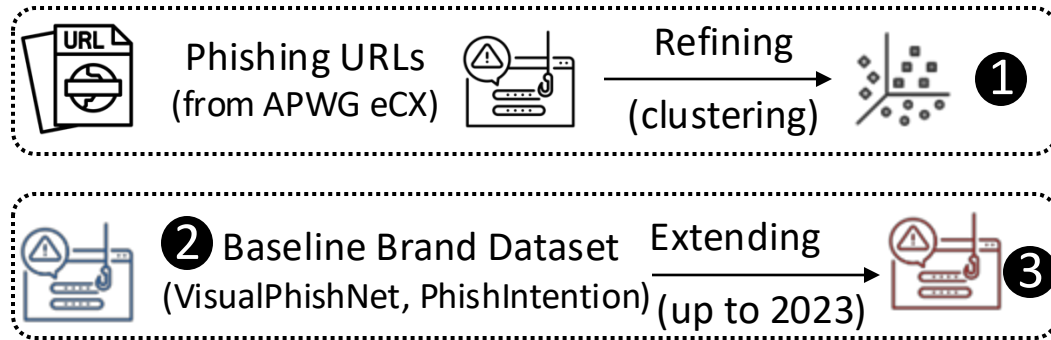
Our Evaluation Pipeline



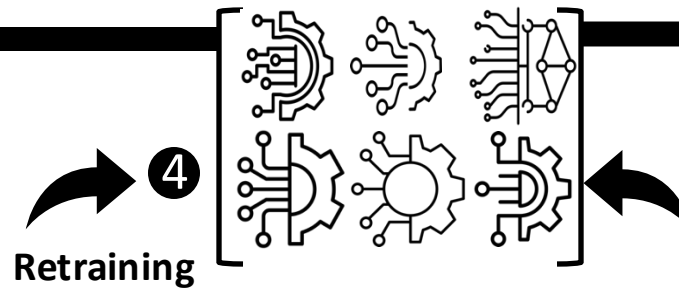
- Developed a web-crawler that visits phishing websites fed by APWG
- Collected from July 2021 to July 2023 (**25 months**) → **6.1M** samples
- Obtained **451k** samples after removing error pages and sampling

Our Evaluation Pipeline

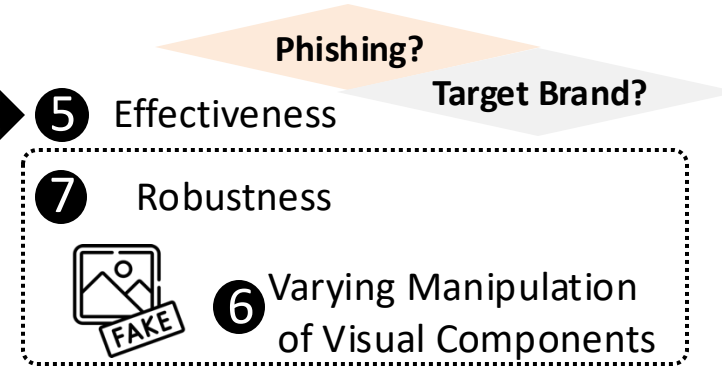
Data Collection of Real-world Phishing Websites



Model Selection & Re-training



Model Evaluation

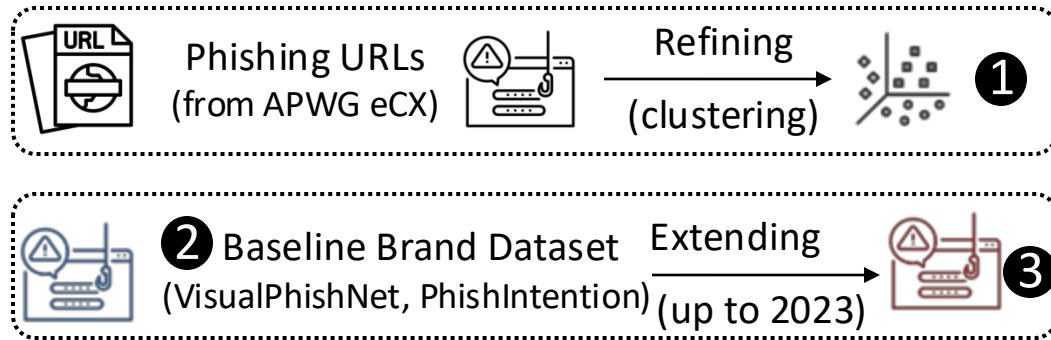


PhishIntention PhishZoo
Phishpedia VisualPhishNet
DynaPhish EMD
Involution

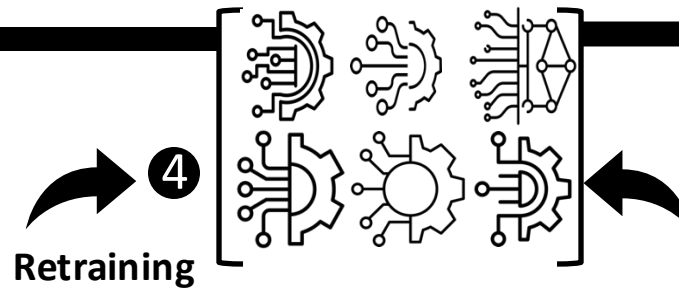
Retraining: To ensure fair evaluation, the models should share the same reference knowledge of brands.

Our Evaluation Pipeline

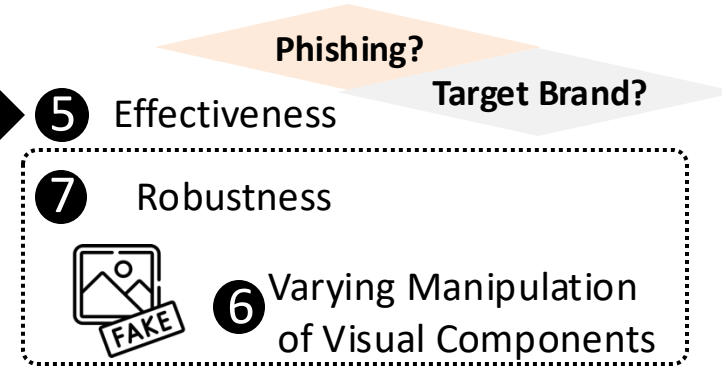
Data Collection of Real-world Phishing Websites



Model Selection & Re-training



Model Evaluation



Using a real-world phishing dataset and a manipulated dataset to evaluate effectiveness and robustness.

Results: Overall Detection Performance

- Detection performance **degradation (20.7%)** compared to their results on curated datasets

Models	Ref. Type	Detection (R_{ext})			Identification (R_{ext})	
		N_{tp} for D_{all} (N_p : 451,514)	N_{tp} for D_{learn} (N_p : 312,355)	N_{tp} for D_{sample} (N_p : 4,190)	D_{learn} I_{tp}/N_{tp}	D_{sample} I_{tp}/N_{tp}
DynaPhish	Logo	----	----	22.03%	----	97.94%
PhishIntention	Logo	52.68%	66.22%	49.07%	97.72%	98.56%
Phishpedia	Logo	70.47%	87.97%	57.16%	96.67%	92.36%
Involution	Logo	66.67%	84.77%	60.57%	99.64%	97.32%
PhishZoo	Logo	86.28%	86.36%	76.13%	33.26%	9.59%
VisualPhishNet	Scr.	41.33%	40.58%	33.84%	66.03%	54.51%
EMD	Scr.	30.28%	31.34%	27.45%	22.91%	20.42%

Detection-Failed Cases (Three Adversarial Strategies)

1) Model Pipeline Attack

Benign



.....

Phishing



Blurred



Color

Detection-Failed Cases (Three Adversarial Strategies)

1) Model Pipeline Attack 2) Mimic Visualization

Benign



facebook

Phishing



Blurred



Color



FACEBOOK Font

Detection-Failed Cases (Three Adversarial Strategies)

- 1) Model Pipeline Attack 2) Mimic Visualization 3) Direct Simple Strategies

Benign



facebook

Phishing



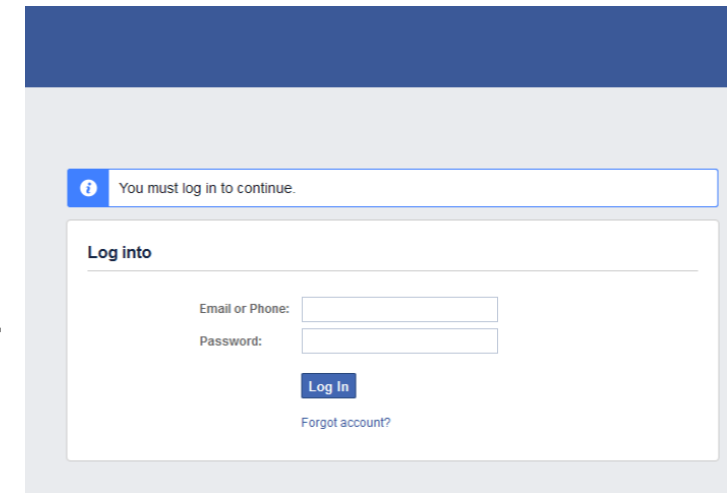
Blurred



Color

FACEBOOK

Font



Logo Elimination

Robustness of Visible and Perturbation-based Manipulations

Robustness of Visible and Perturbation-based Manipulations

- **Logo-based methods** are disrupted for brand identification (Phishpedia: 15.72% for integration, 16% for case conversion);
- **Screenshot-based methods** exhibit lower detection rate (VisualPhishNet: 27.27% on benign samples).



Key Takeaways

1. Performance **degradation (20.7%)** compared to their results on curated datasets
2. Need for robust, multi-modal defenses that **don't overly rely on single features** (e.g., logos or exact visual patterns)
3. The dataset is publicly available at <https://moa-lab.net/evaluation-visual-similarity-based-phishing-detection-models/>

